




Image from <https://unsplash.com/photos/vBvIXlqC4E4>

**Getting Continuous Testing Done Right with CD-Linter**

**Carmine Vassallo**  
University of Zurich

DevOps Institute, *Continuous Testing SKILup Day*, November 19, 2020  **@ccvassallo**

# Who Am I



I'm on the Job Market!

My name is **Carmine Vassallo**

Research intern in the Continuous Delivery team at ING Nederland (2015)

PhD Graduate from the University of Zurich (2020), where I am currently a postdoctoral researcher

My research goal is to facilitate the adoption of DevOps practices



 <http://tiny.uzh.ch/WV>

 @ccvassallo

The image shows the front cover of the book 'Continuous Delivery' by Martin Fowler. The cover is black with a red spine. At the top, it says 'The Addison-Wesley Signature Series' in a cursive font. Below that is a faint image of a bridge. The title 'CONTINUOUS DELIVERY' is printed in large, white, sans-serif capital letters. A circular seal on the right side of the cover reads 'A MARTIN FOWLER SIGNATURE BOOK'.

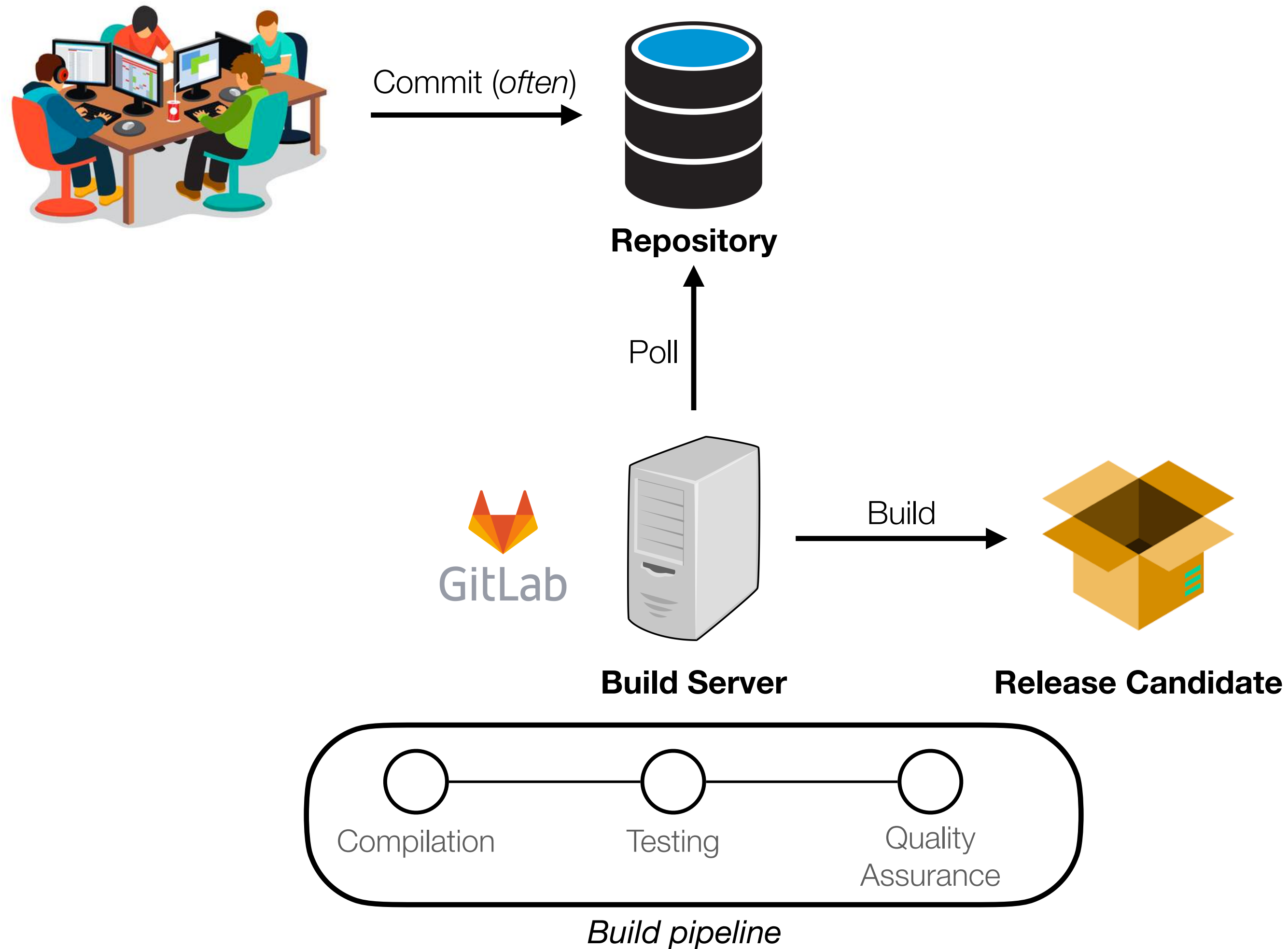
# Continuous Testing is a foundation of Continuous Delivery

(Humble et Farley, 2010)

The image shows the back cover of the book 'Continuous Delivery' by Martin Fowler. It features a photograph of a rocky beach with waves crashing against the shore. The text 'Foreword by Martin Fowler' is printed at the bottom of the cover.

Foreword by Martin Fowler

# Continuous Delivery (CD)



stages:

- compilation
- testing
- qa

variables:

```
POSTGRES_USR: user
POSTGRES_PWD: password
```

compile\_production\_code:

```
stage: compile
script: "mvn compile"
when: manual
allow_failure: false
```

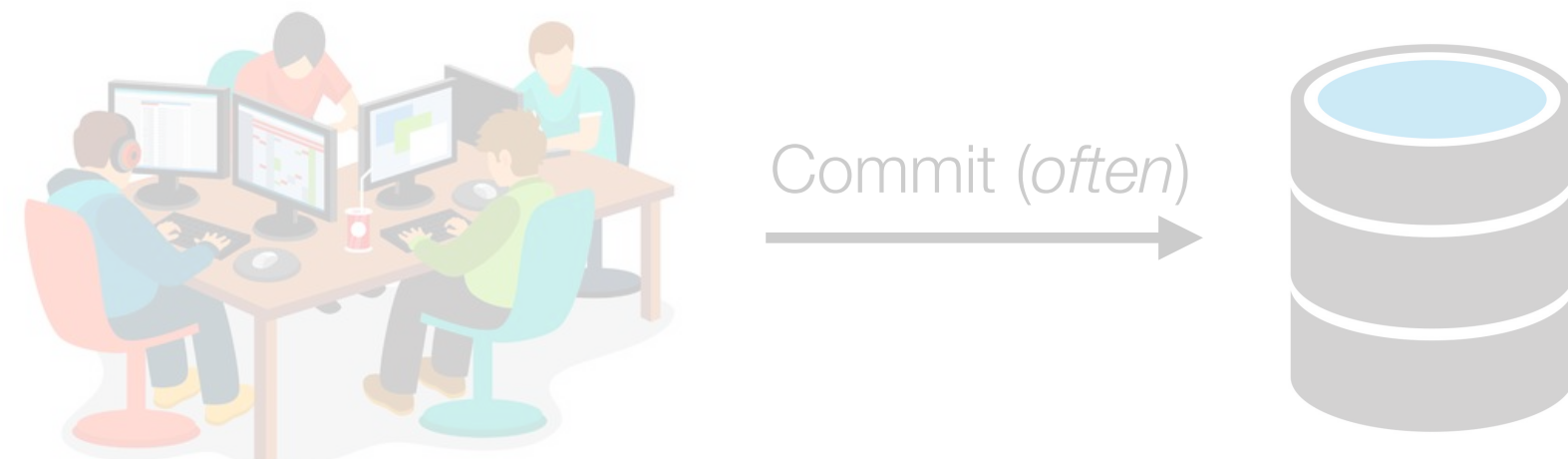
compile\_test\_code:

```
stage: compilation
script: "mvn test"
retry: 3
```

...

*.gitlab-ci.yml*

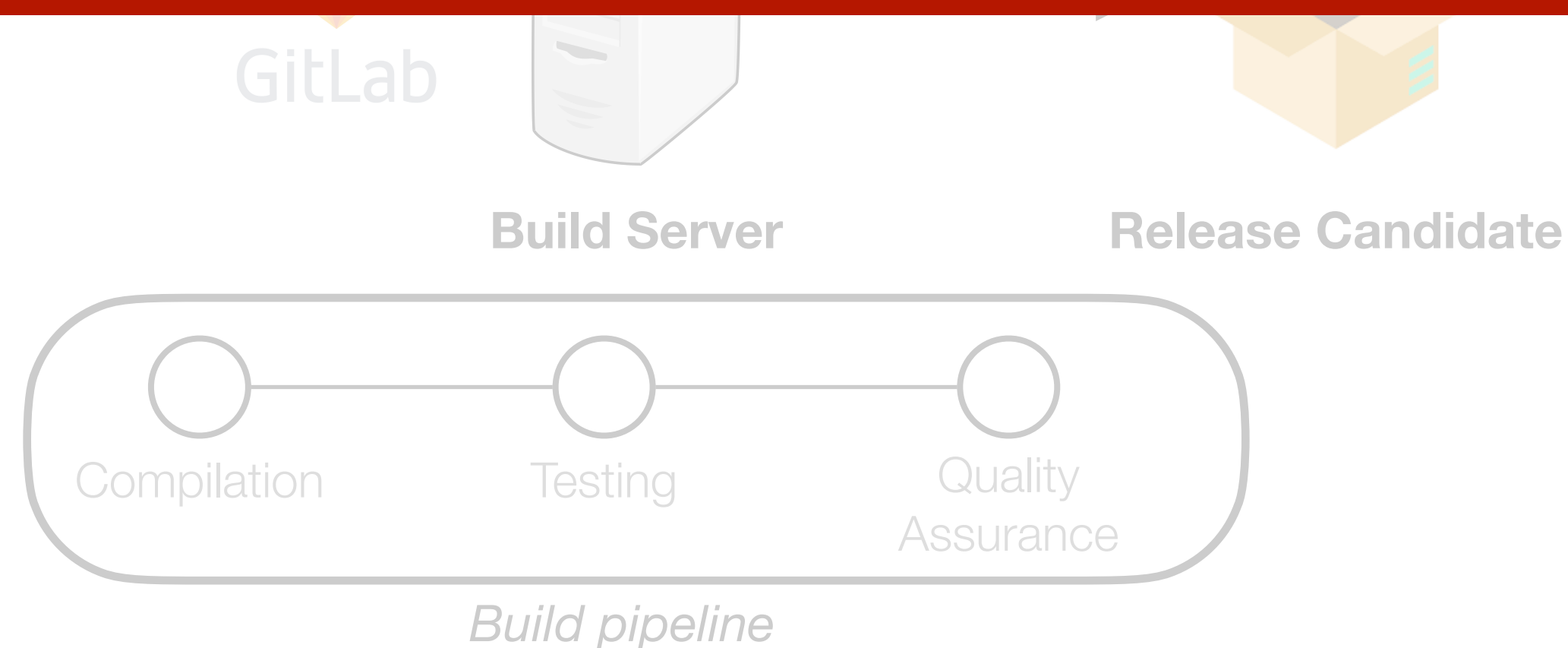
# Continuous Delivery (CD)



```
stages:  
  - compilation  
  - testing  
  - qa  
  
variables:  
  POSTGRES_USR: user  
  POSTGRES_PWD: password
```

Developers struggle configuring build pipelines

(Hilton et al., 2017)



```
compile_test_code:  
  stage: compilation  
  script: "mvn test"  
  retry: 3  
  ...
```

*.gitlab-ci.yml*

# Linters for CD Configurations

## SLIC (Rahman et al., 2019)



Security smell:  
hard-coded secrets.

## CI Lint (GitLab)



Syntax is incorrect:  
chosen stage does not exist.

## Hansel (Gallaba et al., 2018)




CD feature is misused:  
command unrelated to the stage.

```
stages:  
  - compilation  
  - testing  
  - qa  
  
variables:  
  POSTGRES_USR: user  
  POSTGRES_PWD: password  
  
compile_production_code:  
  stage: compile  
  script: "mvn compile"  
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  allow_failure: false  
  
compile_test_code:  
  stage: compilation  
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  retry: 3  
  
...
```

*.gitlab-ci.yml*

# Linters for CD Configurations

SLIC (Rahman et al., 2019)




Security smell:  
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```
stages:  
  - compilation  
  - testing  
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variables:  
  POSTGRES_USR: user  
  POSTGRES_PWD: password
```



**Developers typically lack awareness of CD principle (e.g., Continuous Testing) violations that threaten expected benefits**

(Vassallo et al., 2019)



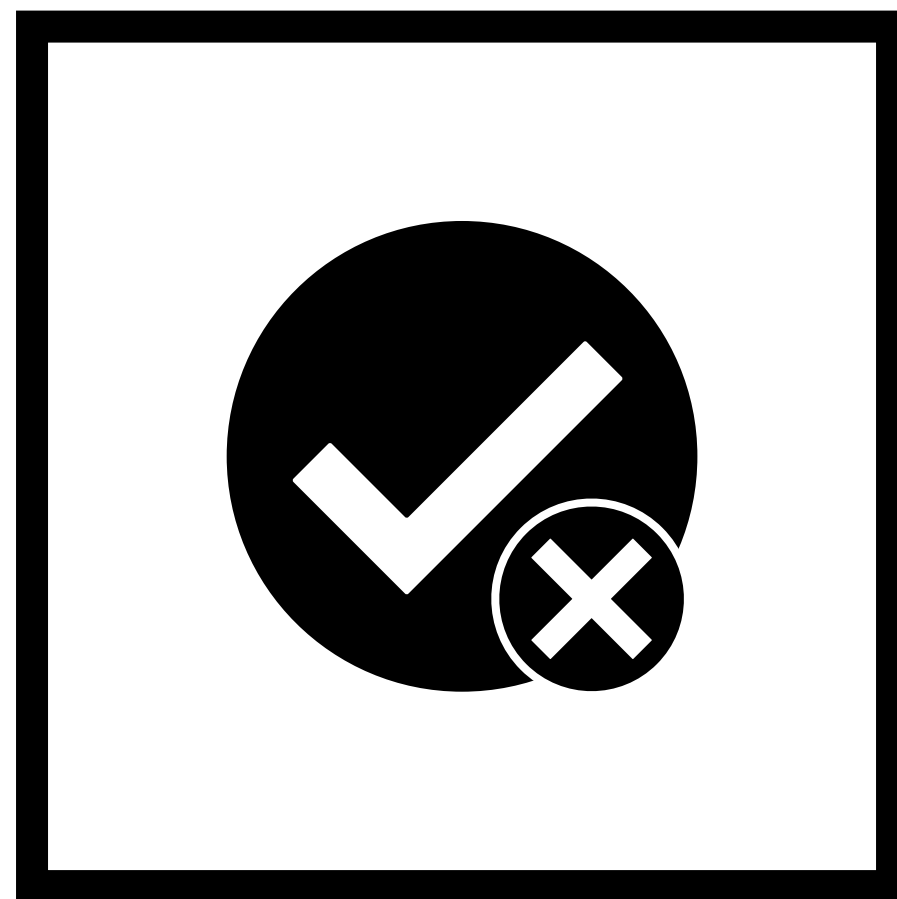
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```
stage: compilation  
script: "mvn test"  
retry: 3  
...
```

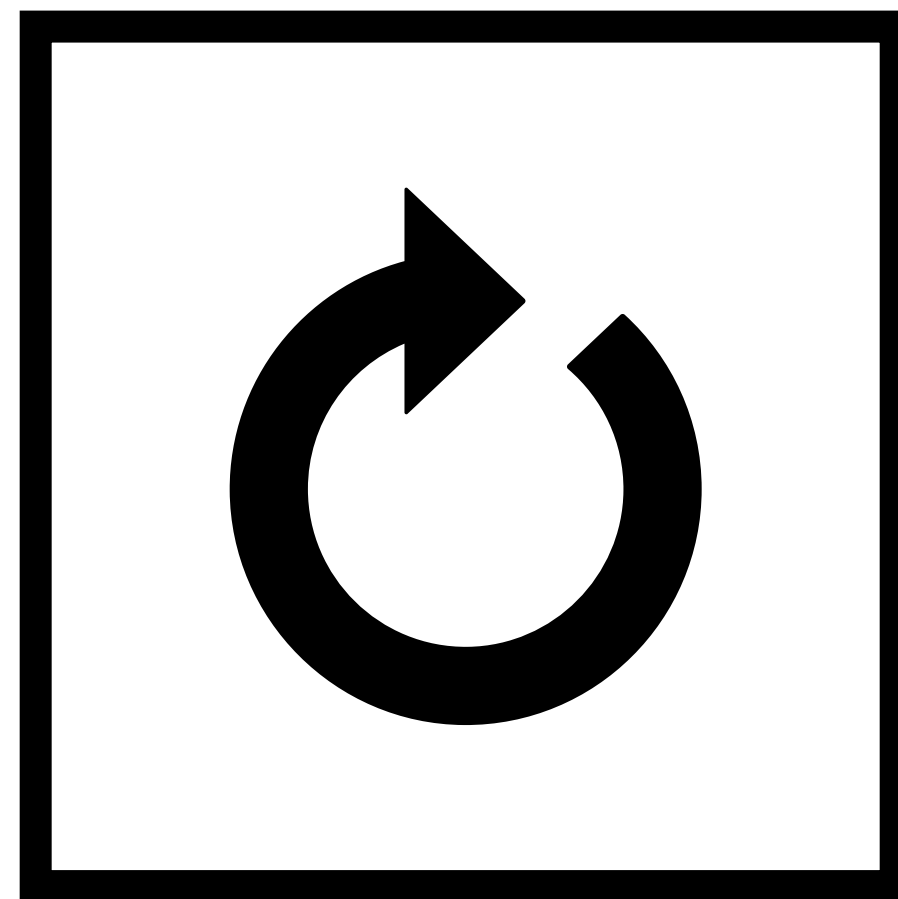


*.gitlab-ci.yml*

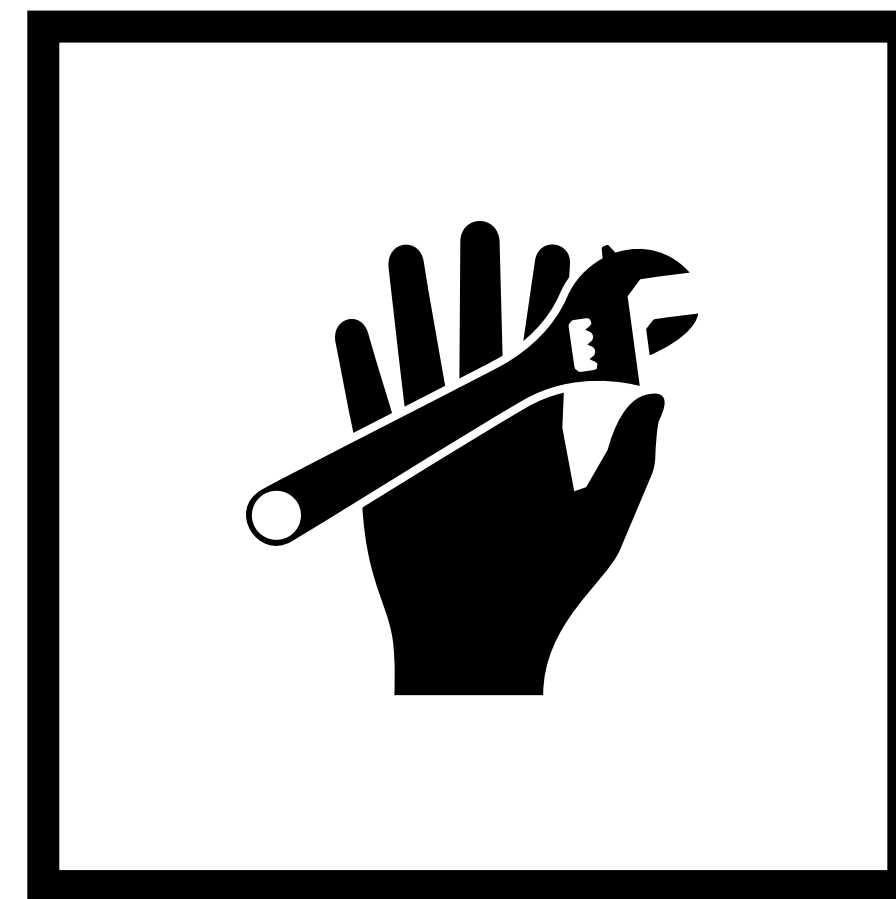
# CD-Linter: Detecting violations of CD principles



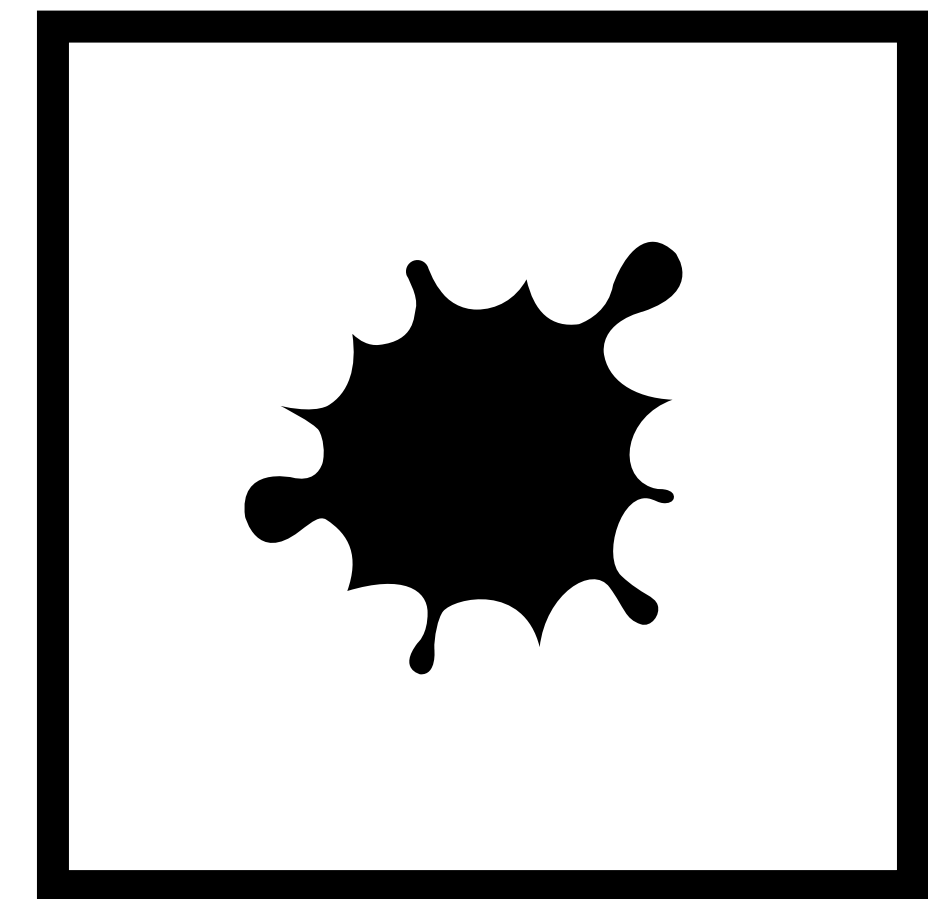
**Fake Success**



**Retry Failure**



**Manual Execution**



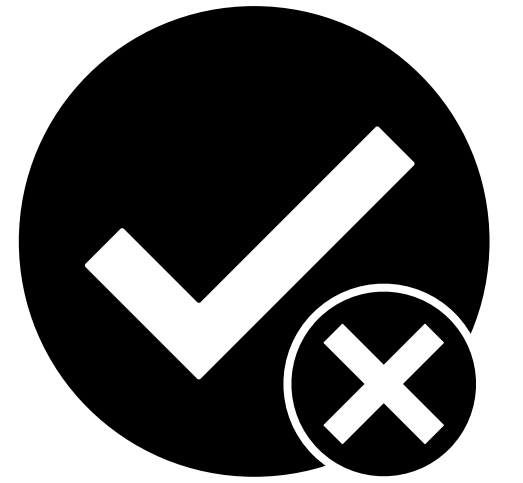
**Fuzzy Version**

Carmine Vassallo, Sebastian Proksch, Anna Jancso, Harald C. Gall, Massimiliano Di Penta.

*Configuration Smells in Continuous Delivery Pipelines: A Linter and A Six-Month Study on GitLab.* In ESEC/FSE, 2020.



# Fake Success



 Fail the build in presence of defects


 Prevent job failures from failing the build

```
...
unit_test:
  stage: testing
  script: "mvn test"
  allow_failure: false
...
```

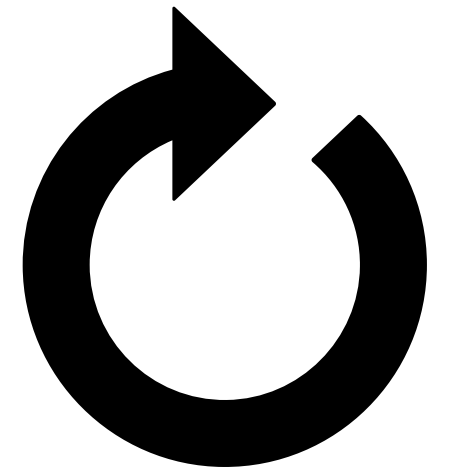
*.gitlab-ci.yml*



**CD-Linter**

 **CD Smell:**  
'unit\_test' job is not allowed to fail.

# Retry Failure



 The build process has to be deterministic

 Hiding flakiness by rerunning a job multiple times after failures.

```
...
unit_test:
  stage: testing
  script: "mvn test"
  retry: 3
...
```

*.gitlab-ci.yml*



CD-Linter




**CD Smell:**  
'unit\_test' job is retried after failures.

# Manual Execution



 The pipeline has to be fully automated

 Some jobs are triggered manually

```
...
unit_test:
  stage: testing
  script: "mvn test"
  when: manual
...
```

*.gitlab-ci.yml*

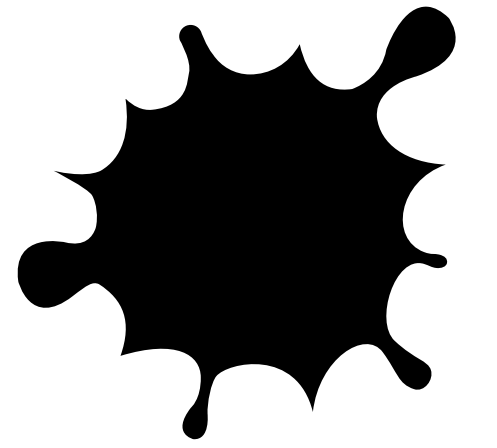


CD-Linter



**CD Smell:**  
'unit\_test' job is executed manually.

# Fuzzy Version



 The build needs to be reproducible


 Do not specify the exact version of dependencies

```
...  
pandas  
scipy==1.*  
scikit-learn=0.23.2  
beautifulsoup4=4.9.3  
...
```

*requirements.txt*



**CD-Linter**

 **CD Smells:**  
'pandas' does not have a version specified;  
'scipy' has only the major release number.

# Evaluation of CD-Linter

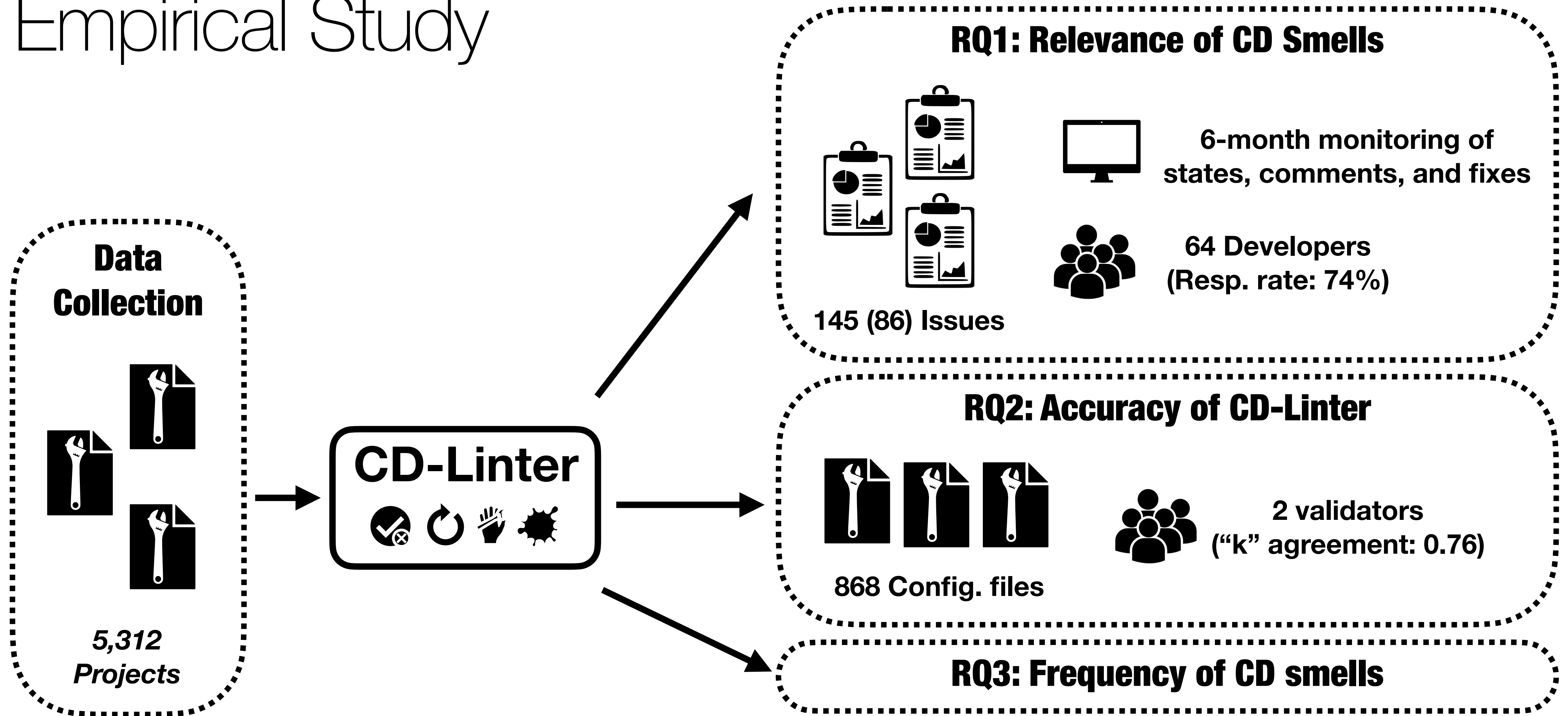
**RQ1:** Are the CD Smells Detected by CD-Linter Relevant to Developers?

**RQ2:** How Accurate Is CD-Linter?

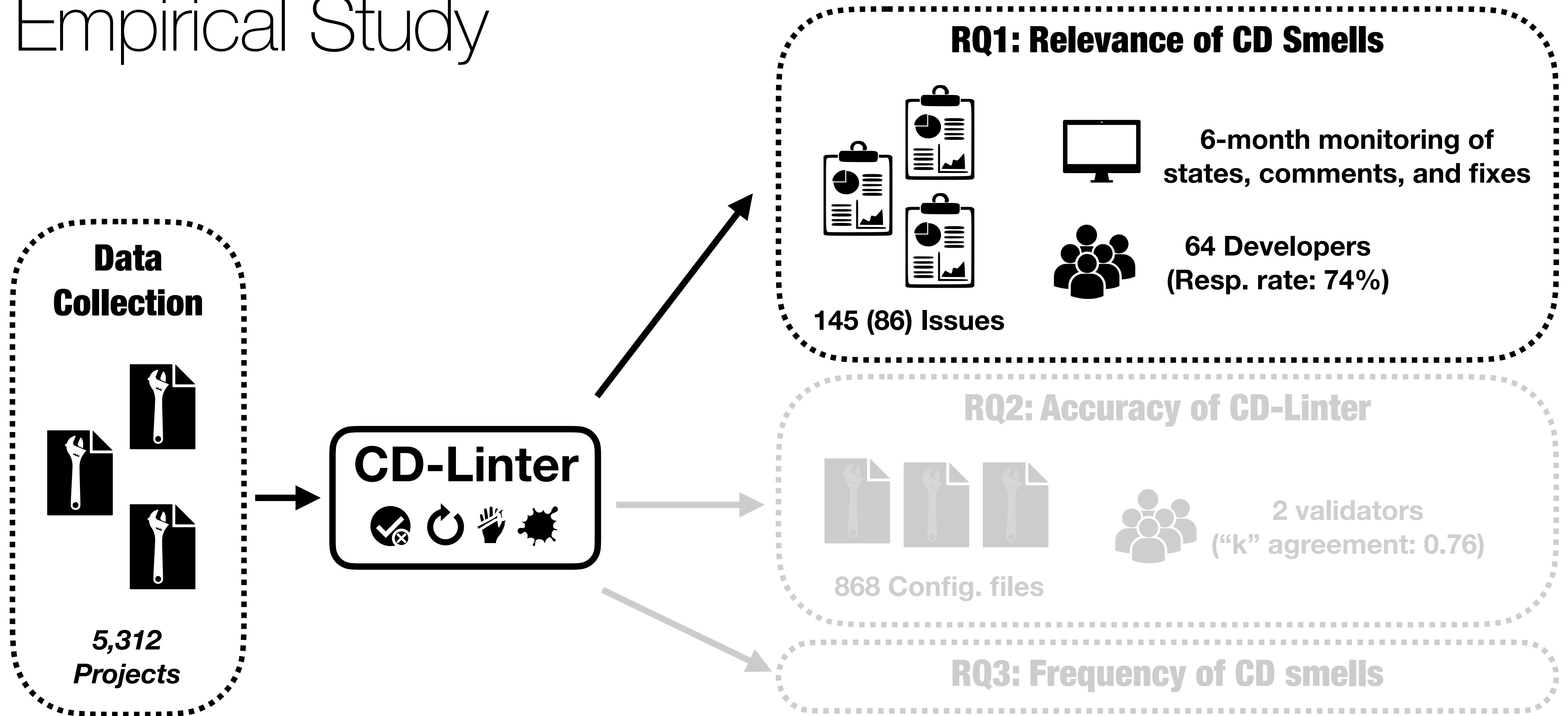
**RQ3:** How Frequent Are the Investigated CD Smells in Practice?



# Empirical Study

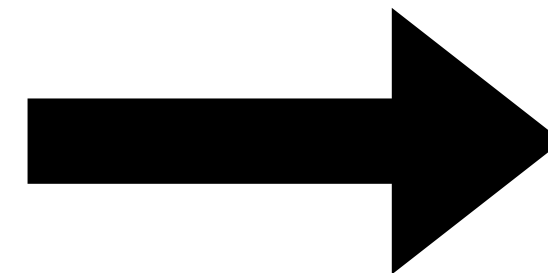


# Empirical Study



# RQ 1: GitLab issues reporting CD smells

```
stages:  
  - build  
  - package  
  ...  
package:snap:  
  image: ubuntu:18.04  
  stage: package  
  script:  
    - snapcraft  
    - echo $SNAPCRAFT_LOGIN_FILE | base64  
--decode --ignore-garbage > snapcraft.login  
    - snapcraft login --with snapcraft.login  
    - snapcraft push *.snap --release beta  
  
allow_failure: true Fake Success  
...
```



### GitLab config: Failures in job 'package:snap' cannot fail the build

To fully benefit from the advantages of CI/CD, developers need to follow certain principles. Many of these principles have been introduced in the landmark book [Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releases through Build, Test, and Deployment Automation](#) and are nowadays widely accepted. One of these principles is:

Every executed job should be able to fail the build. If not, developers can miss or ignore the underlying issue, which adds technical debt and might result in problems later.

**Problem:** We analyzed your project and found that the file `.gitlab-ci.yml` (line 107) violates this principle. Failures of job `package:snap` (in stage `package`), cannot fail the build:

```
package:snap:  
  ...  
  allow_failure: true
```

**Suggested Fix:** To follow the principle, you should set `allow_failure: false`.

**Disclaimer:** This issue has been automatically reported by [CD-Linter](#), a tool developed at the [University of Zurich](#) that detects CI/CD violations in the GitLab CI/CD pipeline configuration. We are currently evaluating the effectiveness of our tool and we are monitoring this issue.

Please up/downvote this issue to indicate whether you agree/disagree with the report.

To upload designs, you'll need to enable LFS. [More information](#)

Problem

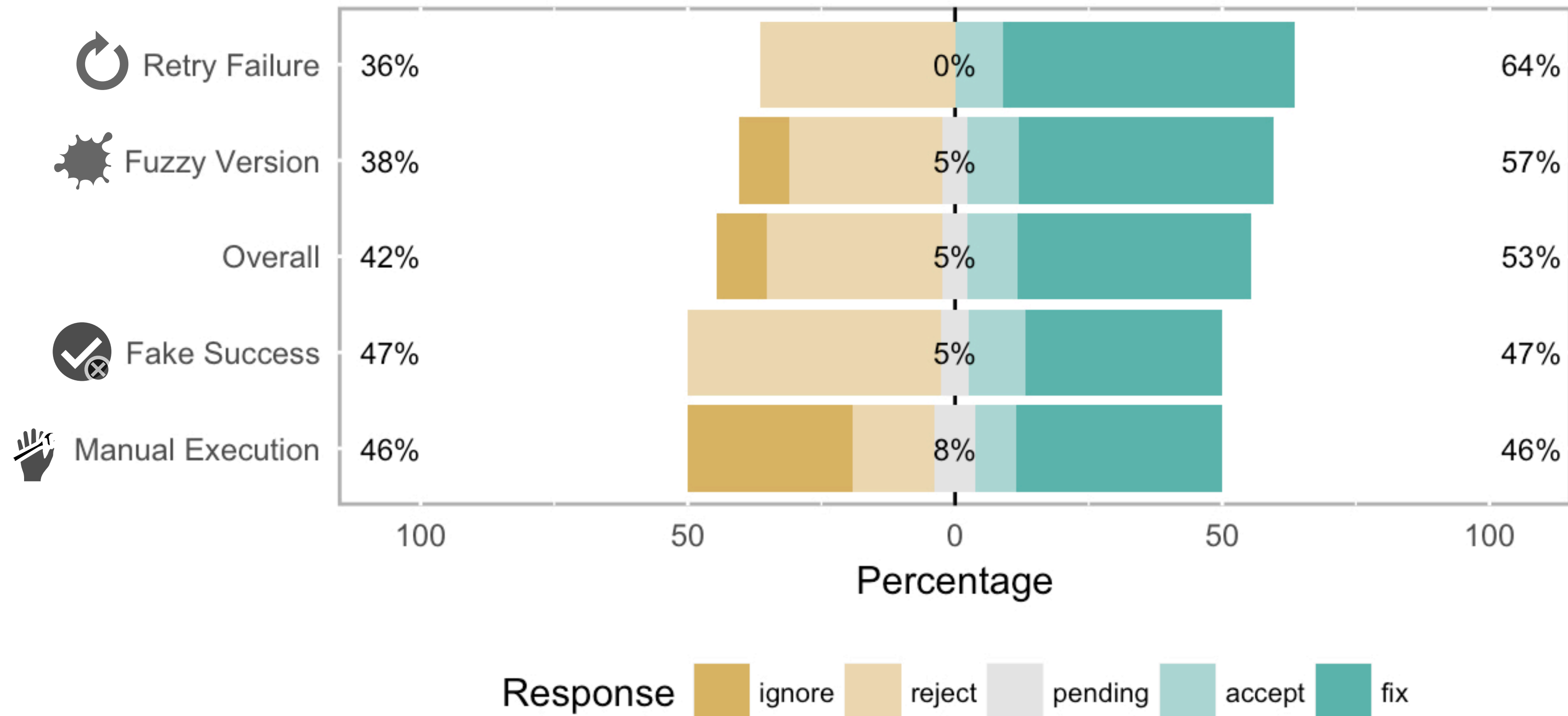
Fix

<https://gitlab.com/bitseater/meteo/blob/master/.gitlab-ci.yml#L107>

<https://gitlab.com/bitseater/meteo/-/issues/125>



# RQ 1: Reactions to issues



# RQ 1: Reasons for rejecting issues

## Fake Success

- Warned jobs are not essential or not fully implemented yet
- The CD smell is contained in a template

## Retry Failure

- Warned jobs are executed on out-of-control machines

## Manual Execution

- Lack of trust in automated issue reporting
- Warned jobs are not fully integrated yet

## Fuzzy Version

- Tools should be automatically updated to the latest version

# RQ 1: Reasons for rejecting issues

## Fake Success

- Warned jobs are not essential or not fully implemented yet
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- Warned jobs are executed on out-of-control machines

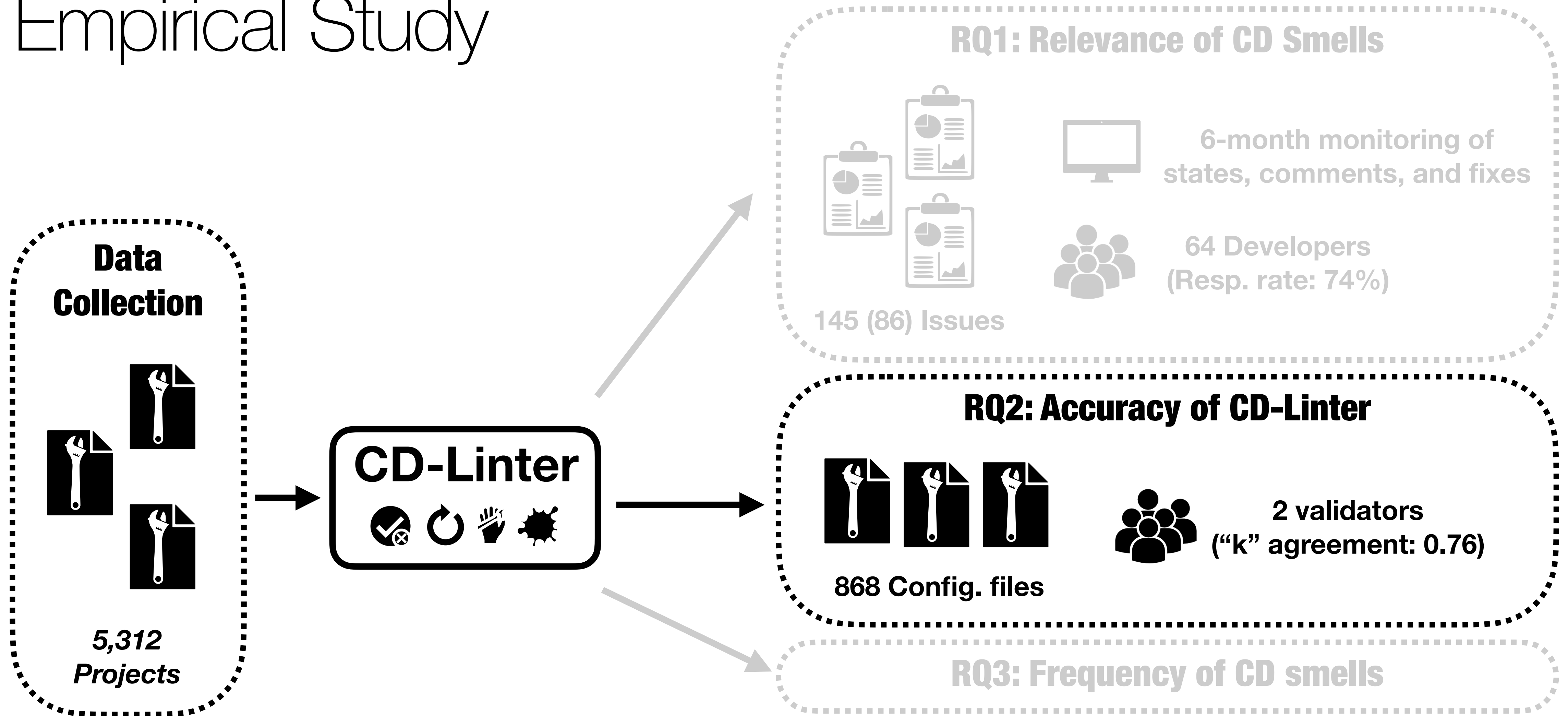
## Manual Execution

- Lack of trust in automated issue reporting
- Warned jobs are not fully integrated yet

## Fuzzy Version

- **Tools should be automatically updated to the latest version**

# Empirical Study



# RQ 2: Accuracy of CD-Linter

Precision: 87%

Recall: 94%

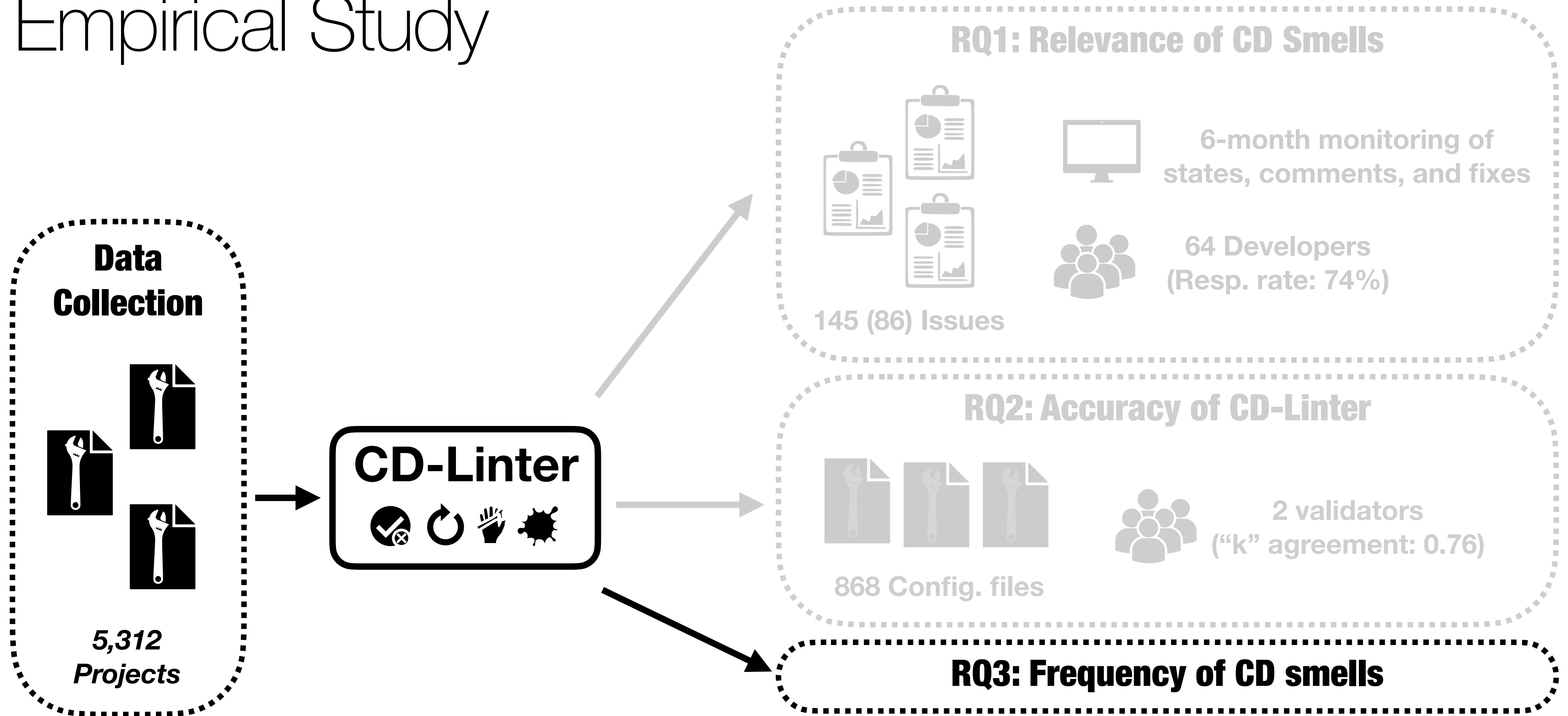
False positives:

False negatives:

- Jobs (with unconventional names) executed in a release stage (*Manual Execution*)
- Tool dependencies without versions (*Fuzzy Version*)

- Dependencies specified in a .pip file (*Fuzzy Version*)
- Jobs with release-related names (*Manual Execution*)

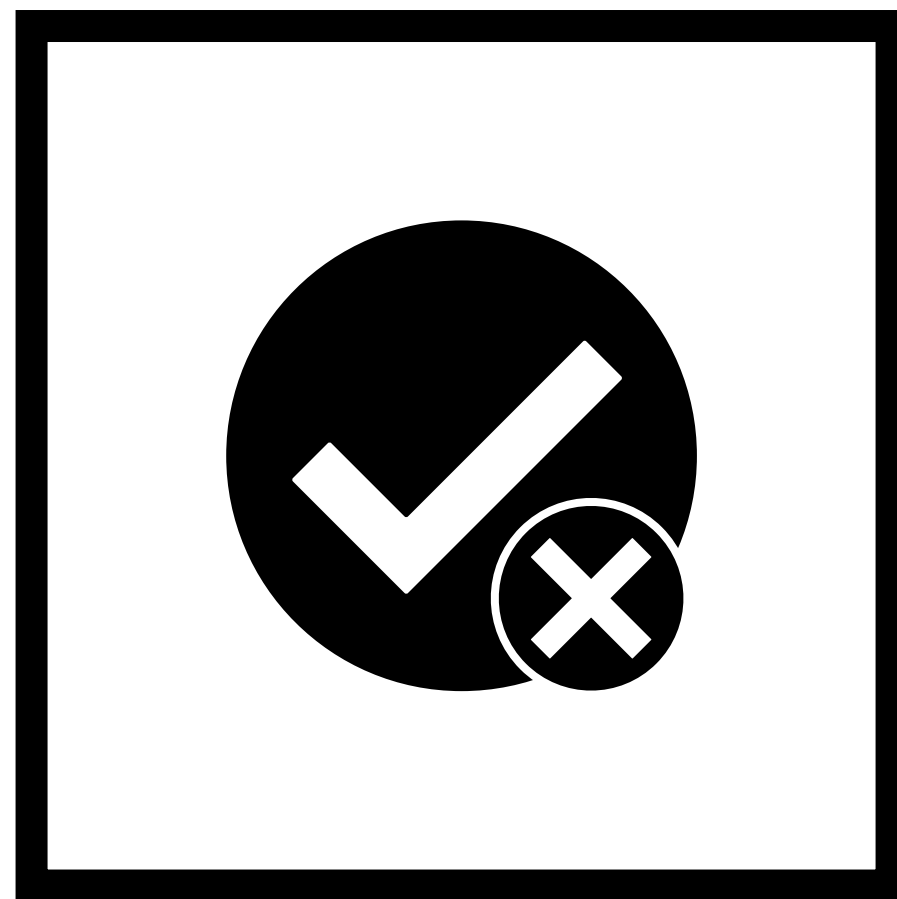
# Empirical Study



# RQ 3: Frequency of CD smells

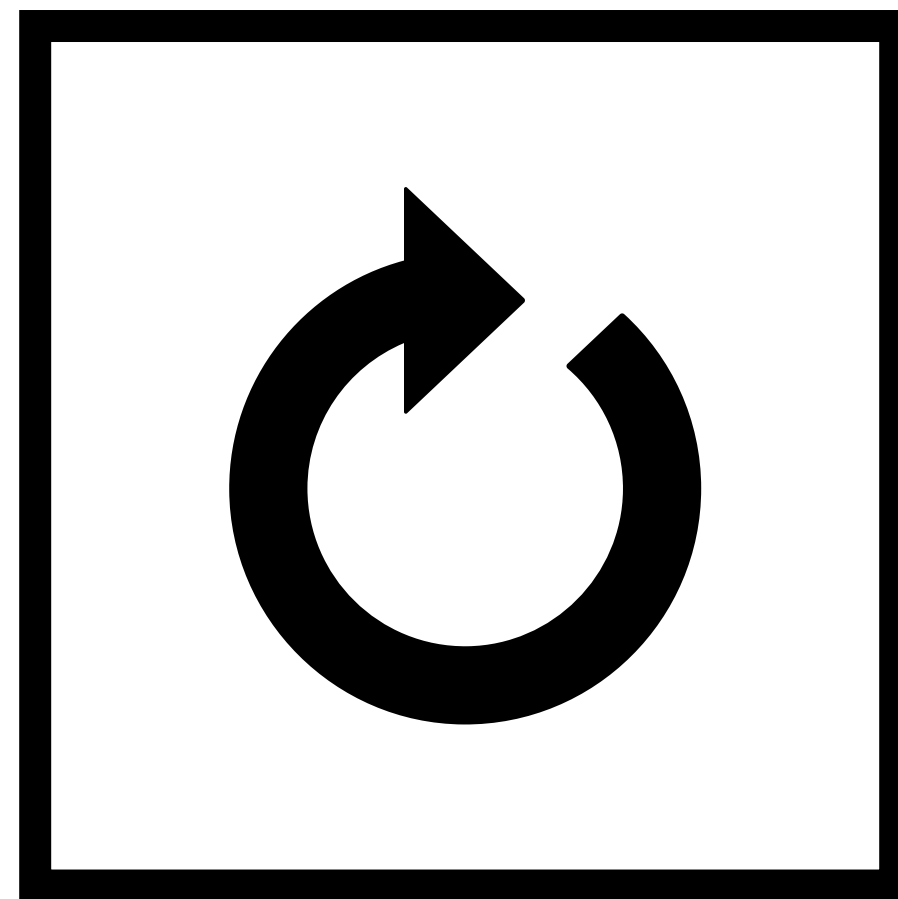
The majority of detected smells (70%) affect projects with long configuration files

- 31% of them are affected by at least one CD smell



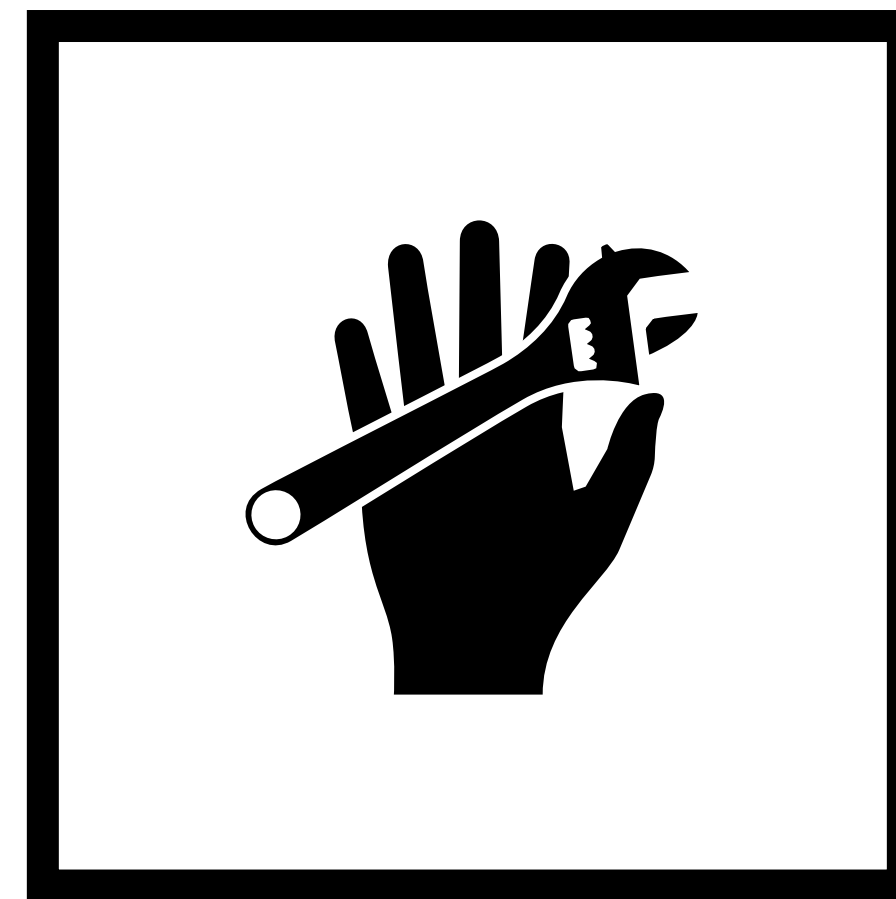
**Fake Success**

⚠ 17% of projects



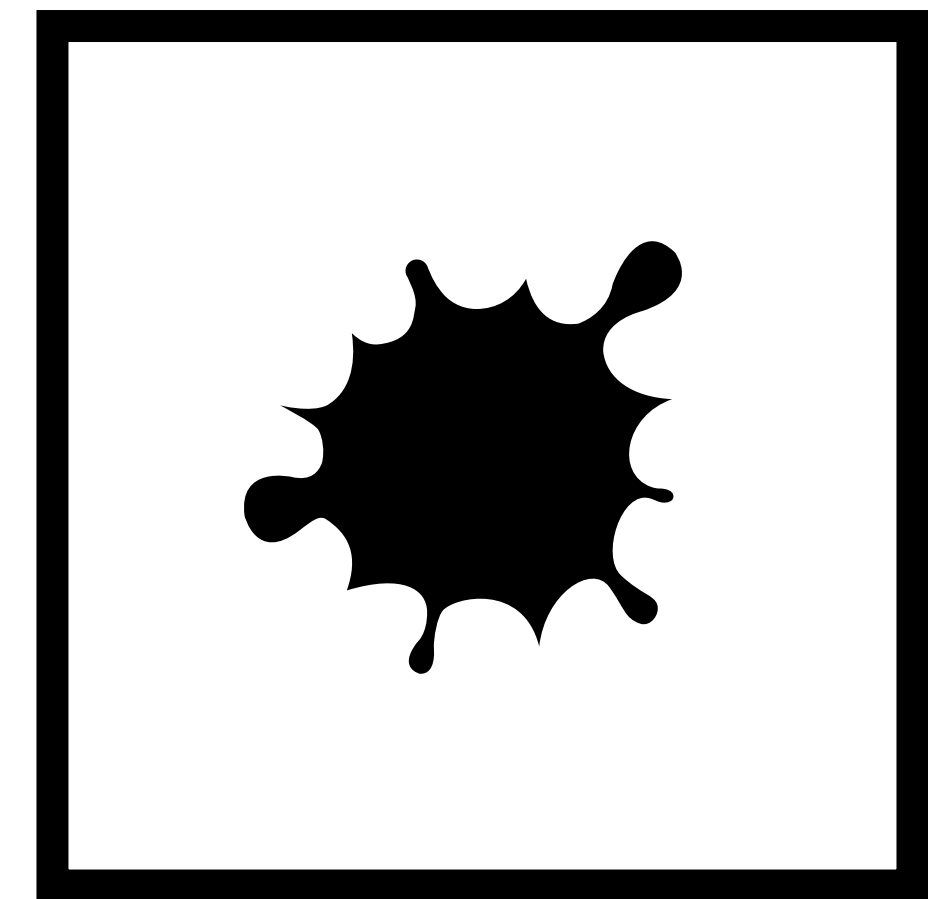
**Retry Failure**

⚠ 6% of projects



**Manual Execution**

⚠ 4% of projects



**Fuzzy Version**

⚠ 40% of projects

# Implications

**CD-Linter as a *mentor*  
when configuring CD pipelines**

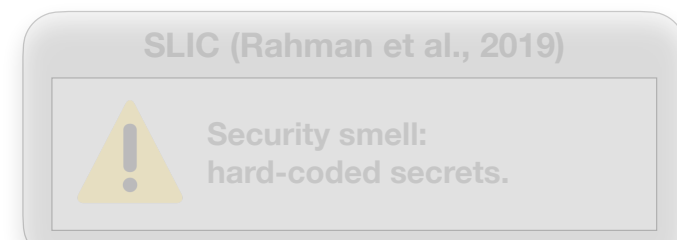
**Linting rules have to be approved  
by developers**

**Long and complex CD  
configurations are often smelly**





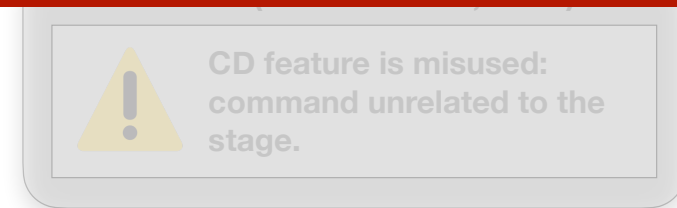
## Linters for CD Configurations



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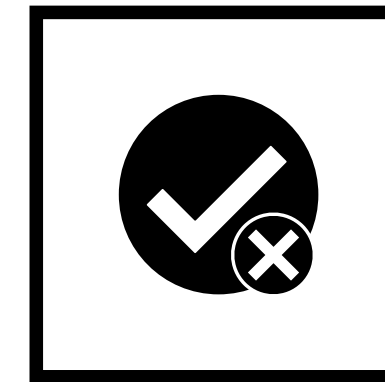
(Vassallo et al., 2019)



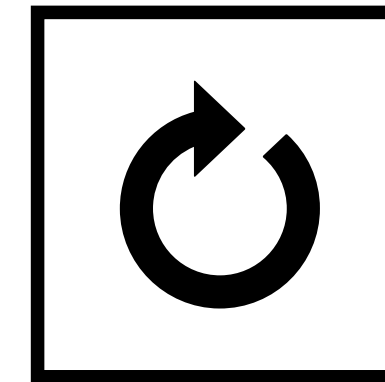
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stage: compilation  
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retry: 3  
...
```

.gitlab-ci.yml

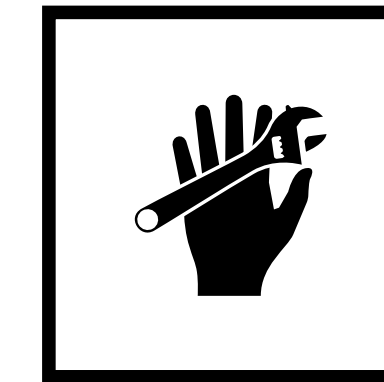
## CD-Linter: Detecting violations of CD principles



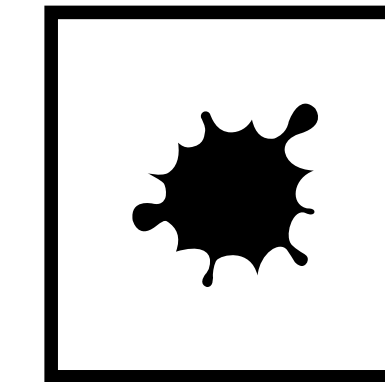
Fake Success



Retry Failure



Manual Execution



Fuzzy Version

## Getting Continuous Testing Done Right with CD-Linter

Carmine Vassallo



vassallocarmine@gmail.com



@ccvassallo

I'm on the Job Market!



http://tiny.uzh.ch/WV



## Empirical Study

